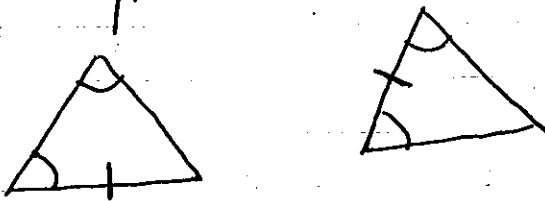


Day 81

## 14.4 Law of Sines

AAS or ASA : exactly 1 solution



SSA "Ambiguous Case"

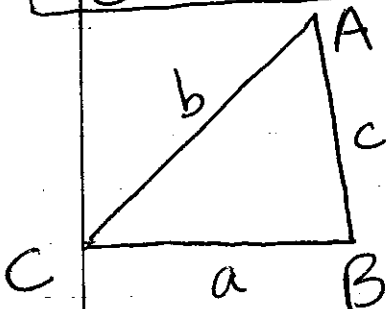


IF  $\angle A$  is acute :

- ① No solution : if  $a < b \sin A$
- ② 1 solution : if  $a = b \sin A$   
or  $a \geq b$
- ③ 2 solutions : if  $b \sin A < a < b$

IF  $\angle A$  is obtuse :

- ① No solution if  $a \leq b$
- ② 1 solution if  $a > b$



$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

Law of Sines

Use law of sines +  
cosines to solve  
oblique  $\Delta$ 's (NOT right)

Law of Cosines (SSS, SAS)

p. 807

ex 1 In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $m\angle A = 35^\circ$ ,  $a = 11$ ,  
and  $b = 15$ .

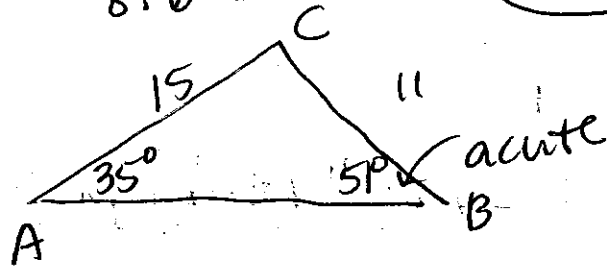
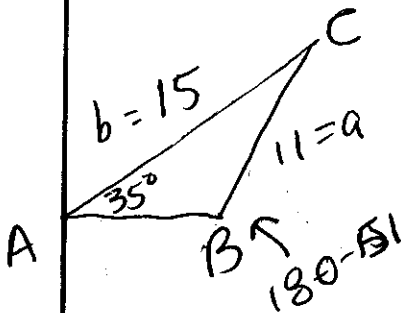
acute

\* 2 solutions

$$b \sin A < a < b$$
$$15 \sin 35^\circ < 11 < 15$$

8.6

SSA



Find  $m\angle B$ .

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} \rightarrow \frac{\sin 35^\circ}{11} = \frac{\sin B}{15}$$

$$\frac{\sin B \cdot 11}{11} = \frac{8.603}{11}$$

$$\sin B = .782$$

$$m\angle B = \sin^{-1}(.782)$$

OR

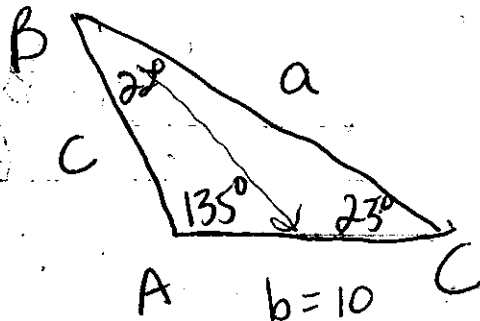
$$m\angle B \approx 51^\circ$$

$$180 - 51^\circ$$

$$m\angle B \approx 129^\circ$$

② Given  $A = 135^\circ$ ,  $C = 23^\circ$ ,  $b = 10$

Find  $m\angle B = \boxed{22^\circ}$   
 $180 - 135 - 23$



**ASA**

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$$

$$\frac{\sin 135^\circ}{a} = \frac{\sin 22^\circ}{10}$$

$$a = \sin(135^\circ) * 10 \div \sin(22)$$

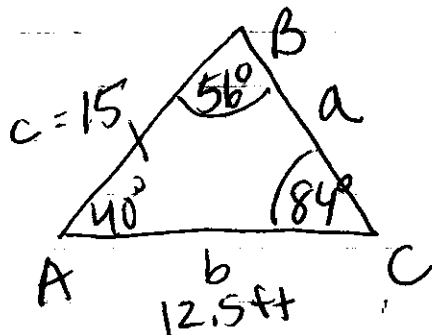
$$\boxed{a = 18.9}$$

$$\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$\frac{\sin 22^\circ}{10} = \frac{\sin 23^\circ}{c}$$

$$\boxed{c = 10.4}$$

③ Given  $\angle B = 56^\circ$ ,  $\angle C = 84^\circ$ ,  $c = 15$  ft.



1st: draw picture  
 2nd: decide **AAS**, ASA, SSA

3rd: solve.

$$\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$m\angle A = 180 - 56 - 84 = 40^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sin 84^\circ}{15} = \frac{\sin 40^\circ}{a}$$

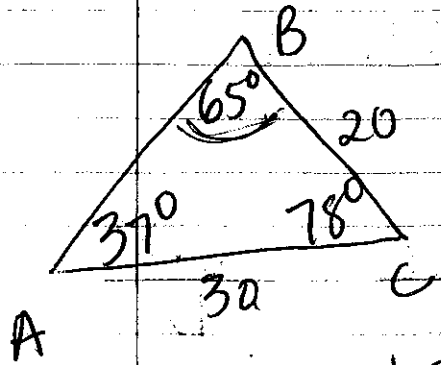
$$\boxed{a = 9.7 \text{ ft}}$$

$$\frac{\sin 56^\circ}{b} = \frac{\sin 84^\circ}{15}$$

$$\boxed{b = 12.5 \text{ ft}}$$

acute

(ex)  $\angle B = 65^\circ, a = 20, b = 30$



SSA

$30 \geq 20$

1 solution

$b > a \sin B$   
 $30 > 20 \sin 65^\circ$   
 $30 > 18.1$

$\frac{\sin B}{b}$

$\frac{\sin 65^\circ}{30} = \frac{\sin A}{20}$

$m\angle C = 180^\circ - 37^\circ - 65^\circ$

$m\angle C = 78^\circ$

$\sin A = .60$

$A = \sin^{-1}(.60)$

$\angle A = 37^\circ$

\* use inverses to find  $\angle$ 's.

$\frac{\sin(65)}{30} = \frac{\sin(78)}{c}$

$c = 32.4$

Name \_\_\_\_\_

AAS  
ASA

### The Law of Sines Homework

Use the Law of Sines to solve  $\triangle ABC$ . DRAW A PICTURE!!!!!!!

1.  $A = 25^\circ, C = 55^\circ, b = 12$   $B =$   $a =$   $c =$
2.  $A = 62.2^\circ, B = 50^\circ, b = 5$
3.  $C = 110^\circ, B = 28^\circ, a = 8$
4.  $A = 155^\circ, B = 15.5^\circ, c = 20$

Name \_\_\_\_\_

### The Law of Sines "Ambiguous Case" SSA

Determine the number of triangles possible with the given parts.

1.  $A = 32^\circ, a = 5.1, b = 10$
2.  $A = 50^\circ, a = 15, b = 14.3$
3.  $A = 126^\circ, a = 20, b = 25$