

Name _____

NOTES

Date 2/21

Block _____

Scenario 1:

Bond Market

SPTS

Table with 14 values

A	years	B money
a_1	0	\$1500
a_2	1	\$1614
a_3	2	\$1736.64
	3	\$1868.65
	4	\$2010.67
	5	\$2163.48
	6	\$2327.90
	7	\$2504.82
	8	\$2695.19
	9	\$2900.02
	10	\$3120.43
	11	\$3357.58
	12	\$3612.76
	13	\$3887.32
	14	\$4182.76

multiply by 1.076

recursive formula:

1 column A:

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 1, a_1 = 0$$

2 column B:

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 1.076, a_1 = 1500$$

Explicit Formula:

2 column B: $a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$

$$a_n = 1500(1.076)^{n-1}$$

Type of Sequence:

Geometric

$$(r = 1.076)$$

2 Domain: why?

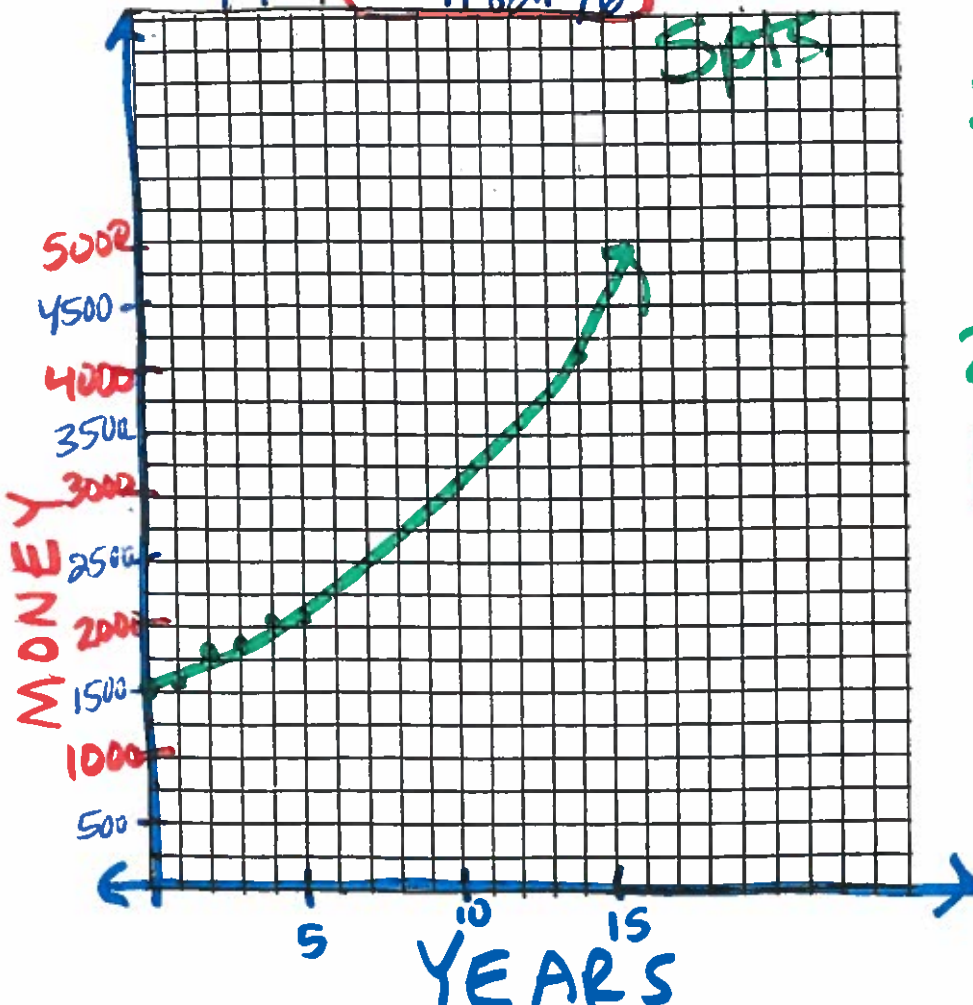
$[0, \infty)$ you can invest as long as your alive.

2 Range: why?

$$[1500, \infty)$$

the longer the money is in, the more you make.

SPTS



NOTES

Scenario 2:

Bribe

Table with 14 values

A weeks	B money
0	80
1	73.50
2	67
3	60.50
4	54
5	47.50
6	41
7	34.50
8	28
9	21.50
10	15
11	8.50
12	2
13	-4.50
14	

subtract \$6.50

recursive formula:

column A:

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 1, a_1 = 0$$

column B:

$$a_n = a_{n-1} - 6.50, a_1 = 80$$

Explicit Formula:

$$a_n = a_1 + d(n-1)$$

column B:

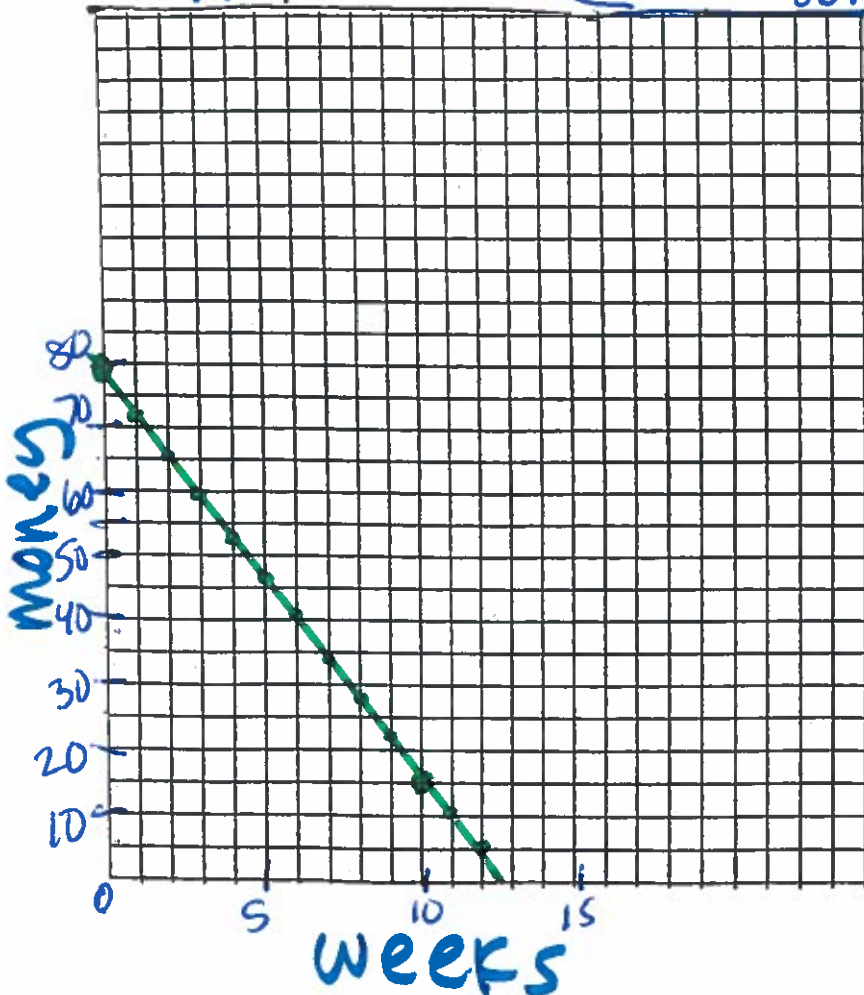
$$a_n = 80 + (-6.50)(n-1)$$

$$= 80 - 6.50n + 6.50$$

Type of sequence:

Arithmetic
 $d = -6.50$

$$a_n = -6.50n + 86.50$$



Domain: why?

$[0, 12]$ can only afford to pay for 12 weeks

Range: why?

$[0, 80]$

only had \$80 to start with + gave away money until I had nothing left

Notes:

Making Connections Between Sequences and Mathematical Models

NOTES

- **Scenario 1:** Suppose you invest \$1500 in the bond market. The investment grows at a rate of 7.6 percent per year.

- **Scenario 2:** Suppose that you hold a superball 200 centimeters above the ground. You let go of the ball, and it bounces many times. On each bounce, it returns to a height that is 80 % of the height from which it started.

- Create a spreadsheet for each scenario. For each, put the independent variable in column A and the dependent variable in column B. For all columns use a recursive that can be filled down.

- What recursive formula is used for column A?

- What recursive formula is used for column B? Both scenarios?

Scenario 1

Scenario 2

- What type of sequence are these? Why?

- What is the domain? Why?

- Use your spreadsheet to graph these functions. What shape is the function?

- Attach a copy of your spreadsheet and graph.

Name: _____

Making Connections Between Sequences and Mathematical Models

CW:

- **Scenario 1:** A fifty-gallon bathtub is empty. You turn the faucet, and the tub fills at a rate of 3.4 gallons a minute.

NOTES

- **Scenario 2:** Suppose that you have \$80 saved in your drawer at home. You have no other income, and you need to pay your little brother \$6.50 each week as a bribe.

- Create a table ^{← must contain 14 values} for each scenario. For each, put the independent variable in column A and the dependent variable in column B. For all columns use a recursive that can be filled down.
- What recursive formula is used for column A?
- What recursive formula is used for column B? Both scenarios?

Scenario 1	Explicit 1:
Scenario 2	Explicit 2:
- What type of sequence are these? Why?
- What is the domain? Why?

Scenario 1
Scenario 2
- Use your spreadsheet to graph these functions. What shape is the function? (examples: line, parabola, absolute value, ...)
- Attach a copy of your ^{table} spreadsheet and graph.

Name _____ Date _____

Scenario 1: _____ Block _____

Table with 14 values

A	B

recursive formula:

column A:

column B:

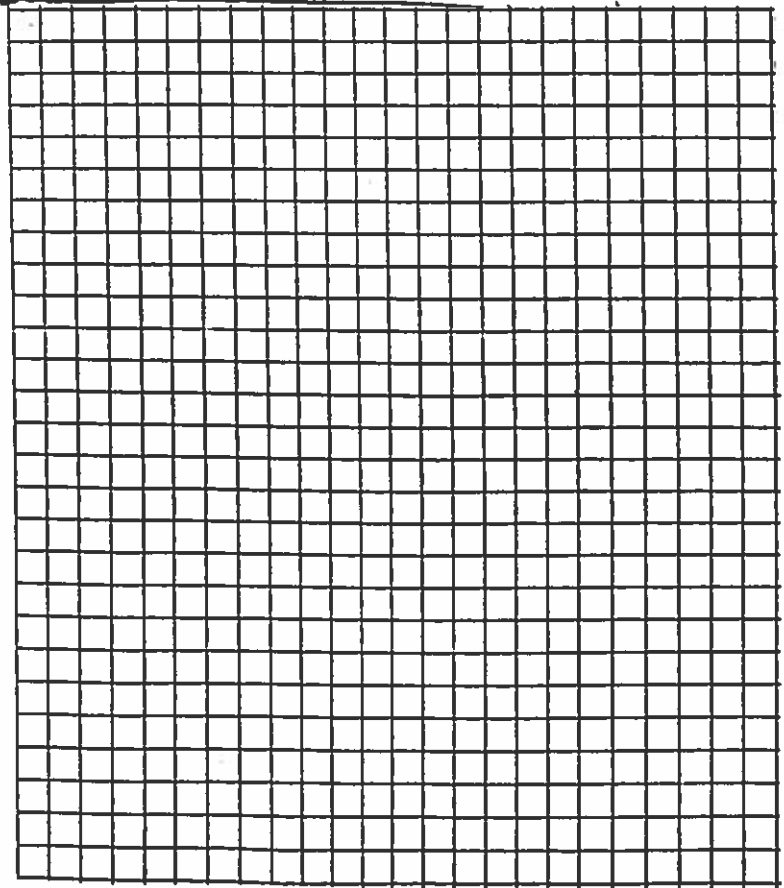
Explicit Formula:

column B:

Type of sequence:

Domain: why?

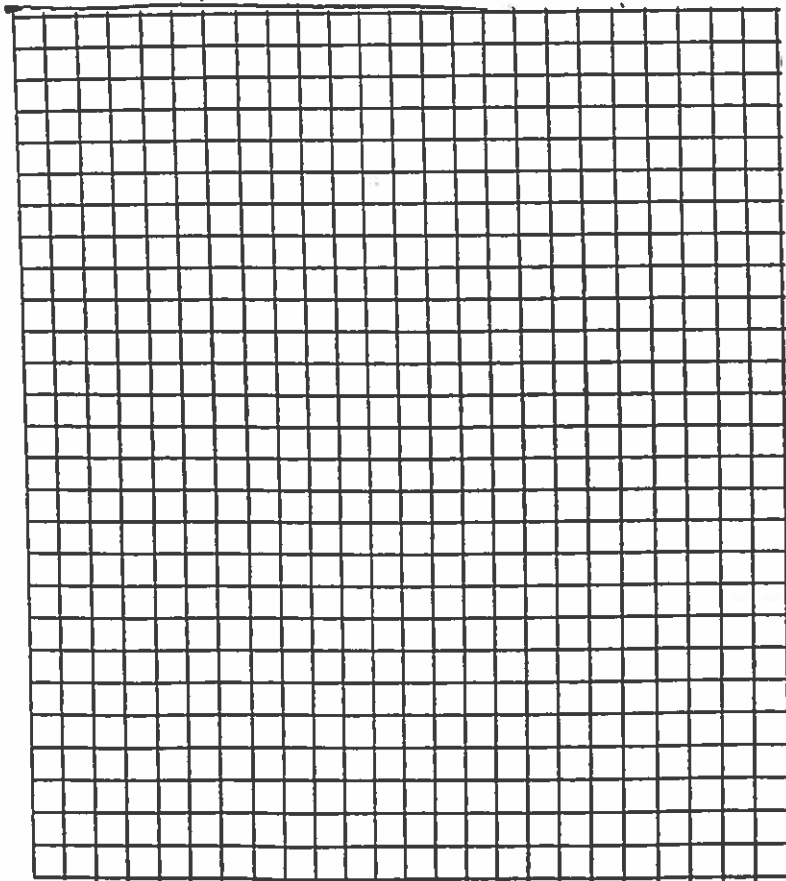
Range: why?



Scenario 2:

Table with 14 values

A	B



recursive formula:

column A:

column B:

Explicit Formula:

column B:

Type of Sequence:

Domain: why?

Range: why?